

Defense Modeling & Simulation Office

Linking Simulations Through Common Data

Military Operations Research Society
Complexity in Modeling and Simulation
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Overview

- The Nature of the Problem
 - Basic Definitions
 - Hierarchical Abstraction
 - Simulation Focus
- Data Issues for Linking Simulations
 - Composable Solutions Strategy
 - Recognition
 - Realization
 - Repeatability
 - Reuse



Basic Definitions

DATA

Delineation of facts, parameters, values, concepts, or instructions in a formalized manner suitable for communications, interpretation, or processing by humans or by automatic means.

MODEL

A physical, mathematical, or otherwise logical delineation of a system, entity, phenomenon, or process.

REPRESENTATION

The combination of a MODEL, process, or algorithm and the associated DATA, parameters, or values. Traditional implementations sharply separate algorithms and values. Contemporary implementations join MODEL and DATA as an object.

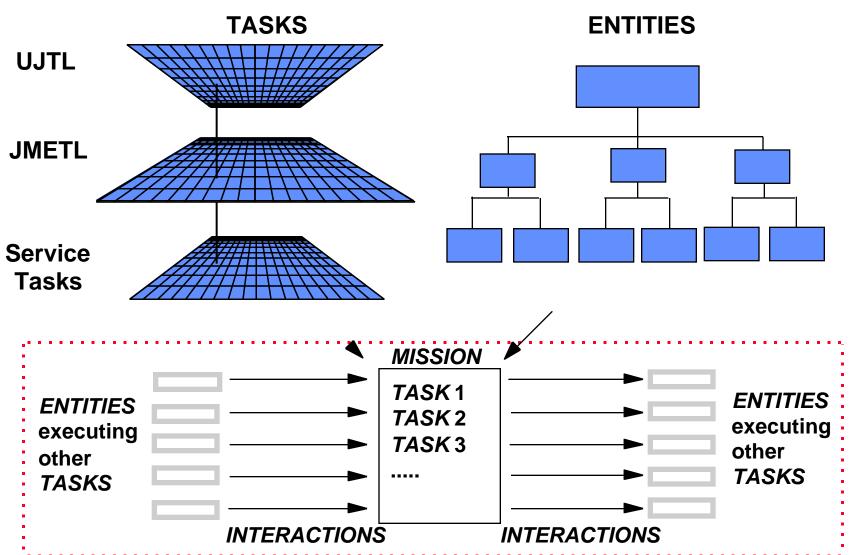
"Messages which resolve ambiguity are information. All other messages are noise." [Shannon], Therefore:

INFORMATION

DATA in context related to a specific purpose



Hierarchical Nature of Military Operations

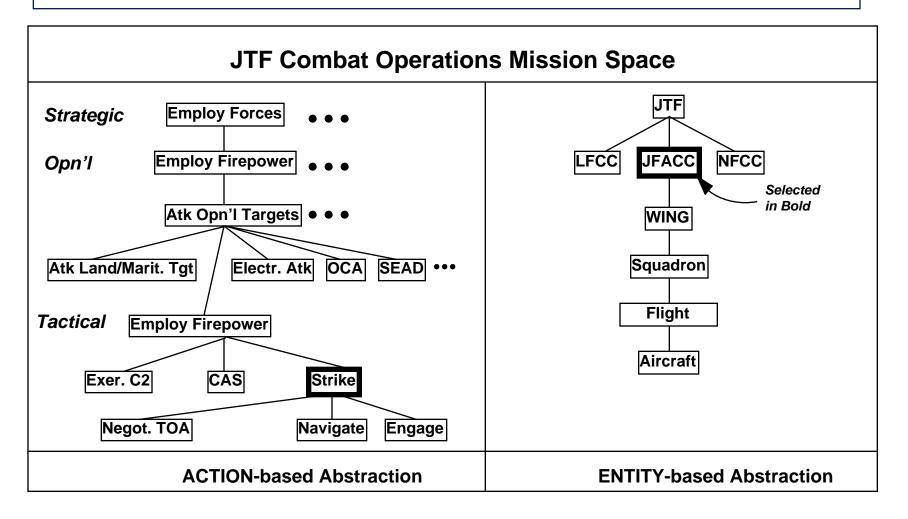


Linking Through Common Data

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Operations with Operations, Systems of Systems





Example

Consider an F/A-18 allocated to a deep penetration interdiction mission

- the details which are included or excluded
- the resolution, granularity, and aggregation of information

for the real warfighter in actual military operations are very different if that warfighter is:

- a general officer in the National Command Authority
- the wing commander in the air operations center
- the flight leader in the strike package, or
- the pilot of the F/A-18

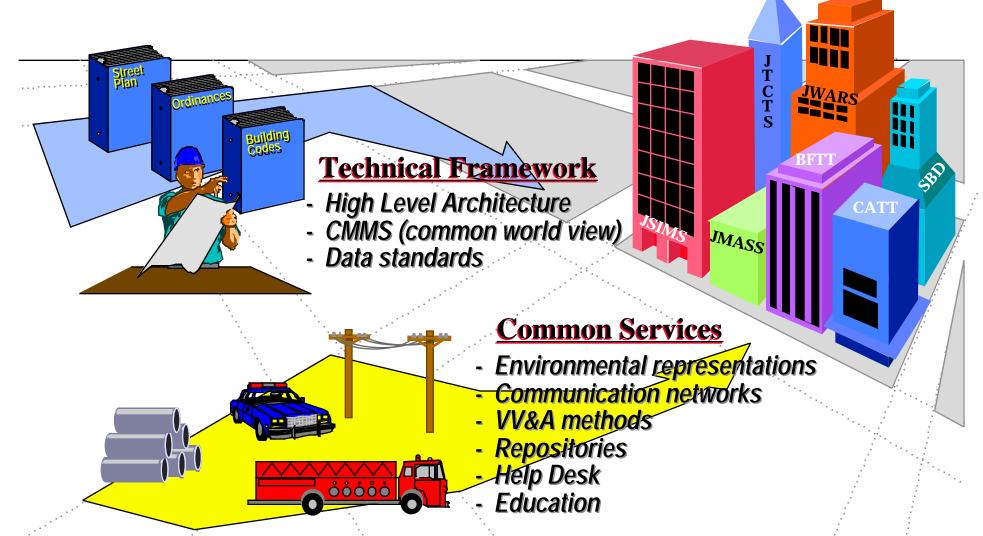


Every Simulation has a Focus

- Entities/Actions Near the Focus are REPRESENTED with
 - Fine-Grained Decomposition
 - Extensive Detail
 - High Fidelity
- Entities/Actions Distant from the Focus are REPRESENTED with
 - Coarse-Grained Decomposition
 - Limited Detail
 - Lower Fidelity
- The DATA required to <u>Link</u> REPRESENTATIONS between Simulations depends upon
 - the Location of the real Entity/Action in the Hierarchy and
 - the Focus of the Simulation



DoD M&S Strategy: An Analogy to City Planning



Payoffs: Interoperability and reuse = capability and cost-effectiveness

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Composable Solutions Strategy

- Traditional M&S product development follows a top-down process:
 - requirements are derived from specific operational needs
 - designs are derived from the requirements, and
 - custom components are created to implement the design
- While providing individually excellent products, this approach leads to
 - limited interoperability and re-use between independently conceived products
 - significant time and resource investment to adapt tochanging requirements
- The composable M&S solutions strategy employs the principal of design inversion where:
 - requirements are derived from specific operational needs
 - families of standard components are retained in a repository, and
 - specific designs are created to meet the requirements using existing components in the repository



Data Issues for Linking Simulations

<u>Data Issue:</u> <u>Simulation Linkage Approach:</u>

Recognition — Common Semantics and Syntax

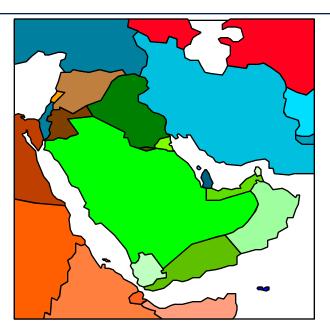
Realization — Data Creation Sequence

Repeatability — Data Engineering Process

Reuse Authoritative Data Sources
Data Interchange Formats



Common Syntax and Semantics



CSS is the vehicle for:

- recognizing content
- repeatable construction

which enables re-use.

Order of Battle CSS:

- same meaning, different terms
 - CFDB country codes
 - MIDB alligiance
- same term, different meaning
- common task organization template



Separate Mission Space CSS from Information Systems CSS

- Layer-0: CSS for <u>General Purpose</u> IS Templates
 - Level-0 Unstructured Text, Freeform Diagrams
 - Level-1 IDEF0 Activity Model, IDEF1X E-R Diagram, Op-Spec
 - Level-2 Use-Case, Process, Behavior Diagrams (Core, Statemate, RDD)
 - Level-3 Booch, Rumbaugh, Schler-Mellor, UML, IDEF Object, ...
- Layer-1: CSS for Structure and Content Specific to the Mission Space
 - Level-0 Flat Lexicon (Joint Publications series)
 - Level-1 Global Namespace Data Dictionary (Core C2 data model)
 - Level-2 Hierarchical Semantics with Recursive Elements (CMMS EATI)
 - Level-3 Multiple-Inheritance Data Elements
- Layer-2: CASE Tool-Specific Style Guides
 - Level-0 Tool Features to Include/Exclude
 - Level-1 Tool Feature Usage Conventions
 - Level-2 Model Structure and Layout Conventions



ENTITY-Based Abstractions

• ENTITY A distinguishable person, place, thing, or concept about which information is kept [2]. In particular, *ENTITY* includes the notions of person, organization, facility, feature, materiel, and plan defined in [5].

Concrete Examples

Person Wing Commander, Pilot

• Organization JFACC, Flight

Facility Airbase, Power Plant

Feature Road, River, Bridge

• Materiel F15, AWACS, Sidewinder

• Plan ATO

Abstraction Examples

Core C2 GCCS entity-relationship diagram

• JWSOL JTF-ATD object classes



ACTION-Based Abstractions

• ACTION The alteration or transformation by natural force or human agency which produces a change in state or condition. ACTION = VERB [+ ENTITY]

Concrete Examples

Physical Verbs Move, Sense, Communicate, Engage, Replenish,...

• Cognitive Verbs Develop, Monitor, Analyze, Supervise,...

Capabilities Refuel Aircraft

Launch Missile

Detect Submarine

Generate ATO

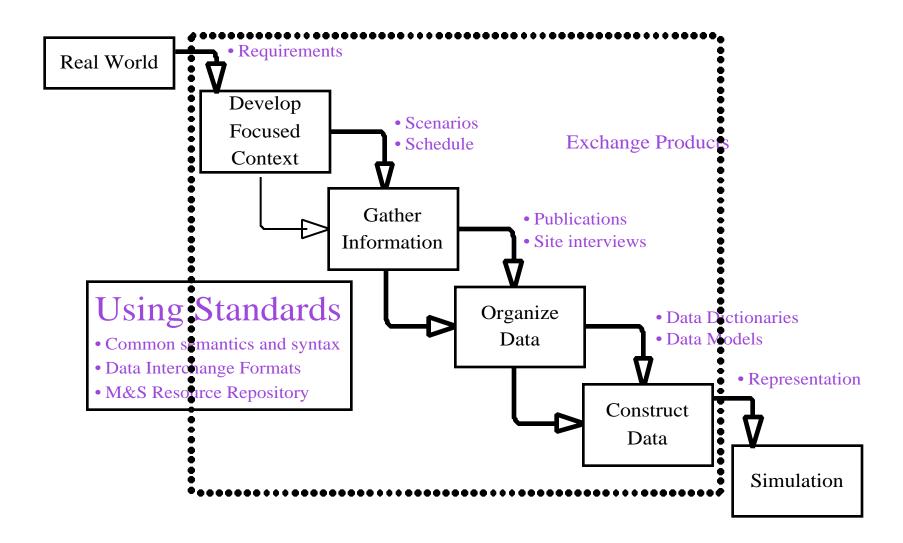
Abstraction Examples

• UJTL Process-oriented operations templates

• CMMS Verb Syntax Behavior-oriented C2 templates

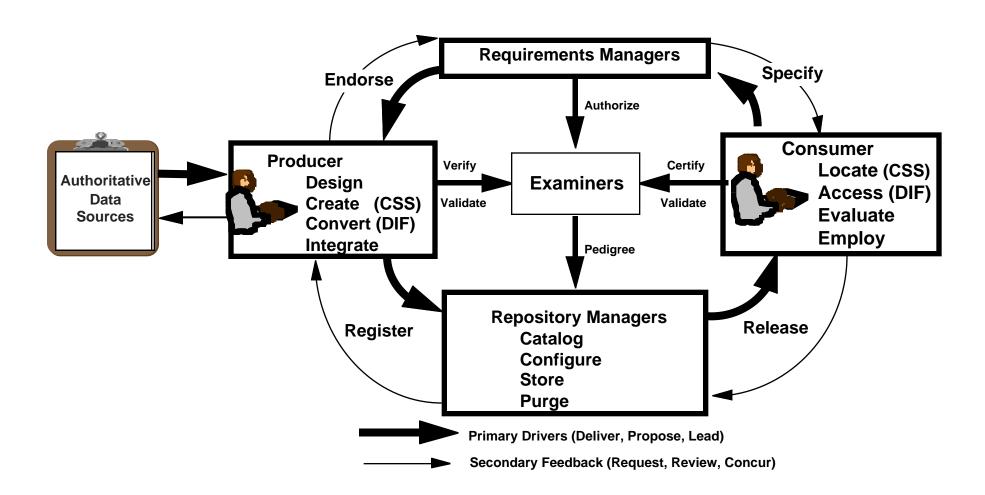


Data Creation Sequence



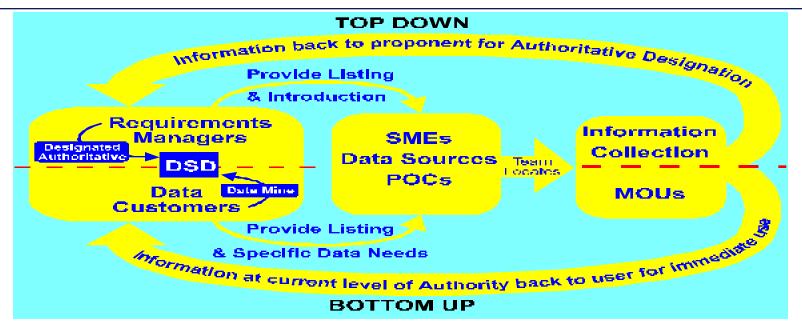


Data Engineering Process ver 0.1.4





Authoritative Data Sources (ADS)



- ADS consists of the:
 - the Producer
 - the Data
 - the Pedigree
- AND designation by an Authority.

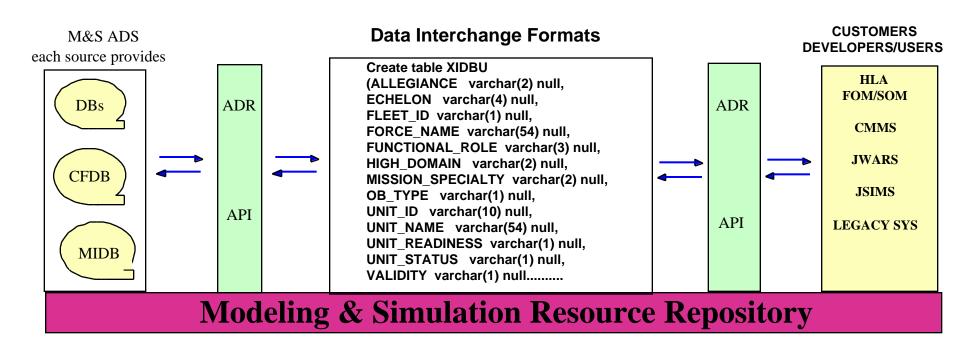
These Order of Battle ADS's:

- JOPES, Service's Personnel & Logistics DBs
- CENTCOM CFDB
- DIA MIDB

will be available in the DMSO demo



Data Interchange Formats (DIF)



DIF is the physical realization of the logical CSS structure and content:

- logical specification
- physical format
- families of interfaces

Order of Battle examples:

- US & IRAQ unit OB descriptions
- Scenario Generation
- OB file formats

will be available in the DMSO demo

used by programmers to exchange data.